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Sheep Pox Virus Antibody (SPV-Ab) ELISA Kit

96 Tests

Catalogue Number: SLY00174Sp

Store all reagents at 2-8 ℃

Validity Period: six months

For samples:

In serum, plasma, culture media or any biological fluid.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY!

NOT FOR THERAPEUTIC OR DIAGNOSTIC APPLICATIONS!

PLEASE READ THROUGH ENTIRE PROCEDURE BEFORE BEGINNING!

Sheep Pox Virus Antibody (SPV-Ab) ELISA Kit

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Drug Names

Generic Name: Sheep Pox Virus Antibody (SPV-Ab)ELISA Kit

Purpose

Our Sheep Pox Virus Antibody (SPV-Ab)ELISA Kit is to for the qualitative determination of SPV-Ab in Sheep serum, plasma, culture media or any biological fluid.

Intended use

This SPV-Ab ELISA kit is intended Laboratory for Research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm using a spectrophotometer. In order to measure the concentration of SPV-Ab in the sample, this SPV-Ab ELISA Kit includes a set of calibration standards. The calibration standards are assayed at the same time as the samples and allow the operator to produce a cutoff value. The existence or not of SPV-Ab in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the samples to the CUT OFF.

Sample collection and storages

Serum - Use a serum separator tube and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at approximately 3000×g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 30 minutes at 3000×g at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of collection. Store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Cell culture supernates and other biological fluids - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $-80\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



Note: The samples shoule be centrifugated dequately and no hemolysis or granule was allowed.

Materials required but not supplied

- 1. Standard microplate reader(450nm)
- 2. Precision pipettes and Disposable pipette tips.
- 3.37 °Cincubator

Precautions

- 1. Do not substitute reagents from one kit to another. Standard, conjugate and microplates are matched for optimal performance. Use only the reagents supplied by manufacturer.
- 2. Do not remove microplate from the storage bag until needed. Unused strips should be stored at 2-8°C in their pouch with the desiccant provided.
- 3. Mix all reagents before using.

Remove all kit reagents from refrigerator and allow them to reach room temperature (20-25°C)

Materials supplied

Name	96	48
	determinations	determinations
Microelisa stripplate	12*8strips	12*4strips
Negative control	0.5ml	0.5ml
Positive control	0.5ml	0.5ml
HRP-Conjugate reagent	10.0ml	5.0ml
20X Wash solution	25ml	15ml
Sample Diluent	6.0ml	3.0ml
Chromogen Solution A	6.0ml	3.0ml
Chromogen Solution B	6.0ml	3.0ml
Stop Solution	6.0ml	3.0ml
Closure plate membrane	2	2
User manual	1	1
Sealed bags	1	1

Reagent preparation

20×wash solution: Dilute with Distilled or deionized water 1:20.

Assay procedure

1. Prepare all reagents before starting assay procedure. It is recommended that all Standards and Samples be added in duplicate to the Microelisa Stripplate.

2. Separately add Positive control and Negative control 50µl to the Positive and Negative well;

Add testing sample 10µl then add Sample Diluent 40µl to testing sample well.

3. Add 100µl of HRP-conjugate reagent to each well, cover with an adhesive strip and incubate

for 60 minutes at 37°C.

4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total of five washes. Wash

by filling each well with Wash Solution (400µl) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser or

autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the

last wash, remove any remaining Wash Solution by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and

blot it against clean paper towels.

5. Add chromogen solution A 50µl and chromogen solution B 50µl to each well. Gently mix and

incubate for 15 minutes at 37°C. Protect from light.

6. Add 50µl Stop Solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to

yellow. If the color in the wells is green or the color change does not

appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.

7. Read the Optical Density (O.D.) at 450 nm using a microtiter plate reader within 15 minutes.

Determine the result

1. Test validity: the average of Positive control well≥1.00; the average of Negative control

well ≤ 0.15 .

2. Calculate Critical (CUT OFF): Critical= the average of Negative control well + 0.15.

Negative Result: sample OD< Calculate Critical (CUT OFF) is Negative.

Positive Result: sample OD≥ Calculate Critical (CUT OFF) is Positive.

Storage and validity

Storage: 2-8°C

Validity: 6 months.

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